## **CLAIMS**

What is claimed is:

A compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
 thereof,

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wherein:

$$R_4$$
- $R_2$   $N$   $N$   $N$   $N$   $N$  is selected from the group consisting of

$$R_{2}$$
 $R_{3}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{3}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{4}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 

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 $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, halogen, CN, phenyl, nitro, OC(O) $R_{15}$ , C(O) $R_{15}$ , C(O) $R_{16}$ , C(O) $R_{17}R_{18}$ , OR<sub>19</sub>, SR<sub>20</sub> and NR<sub>21</sub>R<sub>22</sub>;

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 $R_{15}$ , is independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl and  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl;

 $R_{16}$ ,  $R_{19}$ , and  $R_{20}$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl substituted with one to three halogen atoms,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon triple bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the oxygen or sulfur to which  $R_{16}$ ,  $R_{19}$ , or  $R_{20}$  is attached;

R<sub>17</sub> and R<sub>18</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon double bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or the carbon-carbon triple bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the nitrogen to which R<sub>17</sub> and R<sub>18</sub> is attached;

15 R<sub>21</sub> and R<sub>22</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, and C(O)R<sub>23</sub>; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon double bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, or the carbon-carbon triple bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the nitrogen to which R<sub>21</sub> and R<sub>22</sub> is attached;

 $R_{23}$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

25  $R_5$  is  $(O)_m$ , wherein m is 0 or 1;

n is 1 or 2;

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R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, C(O)R<sub>24</sub>, C(O)OR<sub>25</sub>, C(O)NR<sub>26</sub>R<sub>27</sub>,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon double bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl or the

carbon-carbon triple bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the nitrogen to which R<sub>6</sub> is attached;

R<sub>24</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl;

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 $R_{25}$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon triple bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$ alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the oxygen to which  $R_{25}$  is attached;

 $R_{26}$  and  $R_{27}$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon double bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, or the carbon-carbon triple bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the nitrogen to which  $R_{26}$  and  $R_{27}$  are attached;

R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, CR<sub>28</sub>R<sub>29</sub>OR<sub>30</sub>, C(O)R<sub>31</sub>, CR<sub>32</sub>(OR<sub>33</sub>)OR<sub>34</sub>, CR<sub>35</sub>NR<sub>36</sub>R<sub>37</sub>, C(O)OR<sub>38</sub>, C(O)NR<sub>39</sub>R<sub>40</sub>, CR<sub>41</sub>R<sub>42</sub>F, CR<sub>43</sub>F<sub>2</sub> and CF<sub>3</sub>;

25 R<sub>28</sub>, R<sub>29</sub>, R<sub>30</sub>, R<sub>31</sub>, R<sub>32</sub>, R<sub>35</sub>, R<sub>41</sub>, R<sub>42</sub> and R<sub>43</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl and C(O)R<sub>44</sub>;

R<sub>33</sub>, R<sub>34</sub> and R<sub>38</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon triple bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the oxygen to which R<sub>34</sub> and R<sub>38</sub> are attached;

 $R_{36}$  and  $R_{37}$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon triple bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the nitrogen to which  $R_{36}$  and  $R_{37}$  are attached;

 $R_{39}$  and  $R_{40}$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon triple bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the nitrogen to which  $R_{39}$  and  $R_{40}$  are attached;  $R_{44}$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, and  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl;

15 Ar is selected from the group consisting of

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A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub>, A<sub>4</sub>, A<sub>5</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, D<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>, and D<sub>3</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, CN, halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, OR<sub>45</sub>, NR<sub>46</sub>R<sub>47</sub>, SR<sub>48</sub>, N<sub>3</sub> and CH(-N=N-)-CF<sub>3</sub>;

 $R_{45}$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkenyl and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon triple bond of said C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the oxygen to which R<sub>45</sub> is attached;

 $R_{46}$  and  $R_{47}$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_5$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl and  $C(O)R_{50}$ ; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon double bond of said  $C_5$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, or the carbon-carbon triple bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl are not the point of

 $R_{48}$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_4$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl and  $C(O)R_{49}$ ; provided the carbon atoms which comprise the carbon-carbon triple bond of said  $C_3$ - $C_6$  alkynyl are not the point of attachment to the sulfur to which  $R_{48}$  is attached;

attachment to the nitrogen to which R<sub>46</sub> and R<sub>47</sub> are attached;

R<sub>49</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl; and

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 $R_{50}$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl.

2. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from the group consisting of compounds 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i and 5ai as identified below:

Compd #	n	R
5a	2	$R_{7-13} = H, R_{14} = (R)$ -Me
5b	2	$R_{7-8} = R_{10-14} = H, R_9 = Et$
5c	1	$R_{7-8} = R_{10-14} = H, R_9 = Et$
5d	2	R <sub>7-14</sub> = H
5e	2	$R_{7-8} = R_{10-14} = H, R_9 = Me$
5f	2	$R_{7-13} = H, R_{14} = (S)$ -Me
5g	2	R <sub>7-13</sub> = H, R <sub>14</sub> = Et
5h	2	$R_{7-12} = H, R_{13} = R_{14} = Me$
5i	2	$R_{7-8} = R_{10-13} = H, R_9 = R_{14} = Me$
5ai	2	$R_{7-8} = R_{9-13} = H, R_{14} = Me$

3. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from the group consisting of compounds 5j, 5k and 5l as identified below:

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O Ar N R<sub>14</sub>

Compound #	R <sub>14</sub>	Ar
5j	Н	, k
5k	( <i>R</i> )-Me	, k N
51	( <i>R</i> )-Me	O Br

4. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula 5m identified below:

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5. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from the group consisting of compounds 8a, 15a, 16a, 16d and 16e identified below:

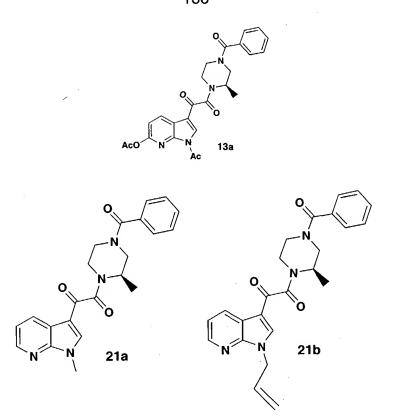
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Compound #	$R_2$
8a	Н
15a	NO <sub>2</sub>
16a	OMe
16d	OEt
16e	SPr

- 6. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from the group consisting of compounds 9a, 9b, 10a, 11a, 11b, 11c, 12a, 14a, 17a-17f, 18a, 19a and 20a
- 15 identified below:

Compound #	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>14</sub>
9a	CI	H	<i>(R)</i> -Me
9b	Н	Cl	(R)-Me
10a	NO <sub>2</sub>	F	(R)-Me
11a	H (when R <sub>4</sub> =Me), Me (when R <sub>4</sub> =H)	Me (when R <sub>2</sub> =H), H (when R <sub>2</sub> =Me)	(R)-Me
11b	H (when R <sub>4</sub> =Ph), Ph (when R <sub>4</sub> =H)	Ph (when R <sub>2</sub> =H), H (when R <sub>2</sub> =Ph)	<i>(R)</i> -Me
11c	H (when R <sub>4</sub> =vinyl), Vinyl (when R <sub>4</sub> =H)	Vinyl (when R <sub>2</sub> =H), H (when R <sub>2</sub> =Vinyl)	<i>(R)</i> -Me
12a	Н	CN	(R)-Me
14a	Н	OH	(R)-Me
17a	OMe	H	(R)-Me
17d	OMe	Н	(S)-Me
17e	OMe	Н	Me
17b	OCH₂CF <sub>3</sub>	Н	<i>(R)</i> -Me
17c	O- <i>i</i> -Pr	Н	<i>(R)</i> -Me
17f	Н	PrS	(R)-Me
18a	NO <sub>2</sub>	Н	<i>(R)</i> -Me
19a	NHOH	Н	(R)-Me
20a	NH <sub>2</sub>	Н	(R)-Me

- 7. A compound of claim 6 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is –OMe, R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen, and R<sub>14</sub> is (R)-methyl.
  - 8. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from the group consisting of compounds 13a, 21a, and 21 b identified below:



- 9. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt wherein R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -OiPr, -OnPr, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, NHOH, NH<sub>2</sub>, Ph, SR<sub>20</sub>, and N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.
- 10. A compound of claim 9, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt wherein n is 2; R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl and CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>; and R<sub>5</sub> is (O)<sub>m</sub> wherein m is 0.
- 11. A compound of claim 10, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
   15 thereof, wherein R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> are each independently H or CH<sub>3</sub>, provided one or two of the members of the group R<sub>7</sub>-R<sub>14</sub> are CH<sub>3</sub> and the remaining members of the group R<sub>7</sub>-R<sub>14</sub> are H.
- 12. A compound of claim 11, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
   20 thereof, wherein one of the members of the group A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub>, A<sub>4</sub>, A<sub>5</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>,
   B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, D<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>, and D<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting

of hydrogen, halogen and amino and the remaining members of the group A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub>, A<sub>4</sub>, A<sub>5</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, D<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>, and D<sub>3</sub> are hydrogen.

13. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable saltthereof, of the Formula below:

wherein:

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R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -OPr, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, and NHOH;

R<sub>4</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, -halogen, -CN, and hydroxy; and

R<sub>14</sub> is CH<sub>3</sub> or H.

- 14. A compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>4</sub> is selected from the group consisting of OH, CN, halogen, -OCOCH<sub>3</sub> and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl.
  - 15. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of the formula identified below:

wherein:

5 R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, OMe, CN, and OH;

 $R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, Cl, OMe, CN, OH, C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>,

10 C(O)NHMe, C(O)NHEt, phenyl and -C(O)CH<sub>3:</sub>

n is 2;

R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> are each independently H or CH<sub>3</sub>, provided 0-2 of the members of the group R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> may be CH<sub>3</sub> and the remaining members of the group R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> are H; and

R<sub>6</sub> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

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16. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from the group consisting of compounds 5p, 5r, 5s, 5q, 5t, 5u, 5v and 27c identified below:

Compound #	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>14</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>
5p	Н	Н	Н
5r	Н	<i>(R)</i> -Me	Н
5s	Н	(S)-Me	Н
5q	Н	Me	Н
5t	CI	Н	Н
5u	CI	<i>(R)</i> -Me	Н
5v	OMe	<i>(R)</i> -Me	Н
27c	NMe <sub>2</sub>	(R)-Me	Н
5an	CI	Н	OMe
5ao	OMe	H	OMe
5ap	OMe	Me	OMe

17. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt5 thereof of formula:

wherein:

 $R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl, Cl, OMe, CN, OH, C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, C(O)NHMe, C(O)NHEt, phenyl and -C(O)CH<sub>3</sub>;

5 n is 2;

 $R_8$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{13}$ , and  $R_{14}$  are each independently H or  $CH_3$ , provided 0-2 of the members of the group  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{13}$ , and  $R_{14}$  may be  $CH_3$  and the remaining members of the group  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,

 $10 - R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{13}$ , and  $R_{14}$  are H; and

R<sub>6</sub> is H or CH<sub>3</sub>.

18. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
 15 thereof, selected from the group consisting of compounds 5w, 5x, 5y, 5z and 5ak identified below:

Compound #	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>
5w	Н	Н	Н
5x	Н	Me	Н
5y	Н	CI	Н
5z	Н	ОМе	Me
5ak	CI	Ме	Н

- 19. A compound of claim 15 wherein  $R_4$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{13}$  and  $R_{14}$  are H; and  $R_2$  is –OMe.
- 5 20. A compound of claim 15 wherein  $R_2$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{13}$  and  $R_{14}$  are H.
  - 21. A compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula

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wherein:

R<sub>2</sub> is H, F, Cl, Br, OMe, CN, or OH;

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 $R_4$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_6$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_1$ ,  $C_6$  CN,  $C_6$  CN,  $C_6$  CN,  $C_7$  CONHMe,  $C_8$  CONHMe,  $C_8$  CONHEt,  $C_8$  CONHET,  $C_8$  CONHMe,  $C_8$  CONHET,  $C_8$ 

n is 2;

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 $R_8$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{13}$  and  $R_{14}$  are each independently H or  $CH_3$ , provided up to two of these substituents may be methyl;

R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen;

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R<sub>5</sub> is unsubstituted; and

R<sub>6</sub> is hydrogen or methyl.

10 22. A compound of claim 1 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, of the Formula

wherein:

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 $R_2$  is H, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -OPr, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or NHOH;

R<sub>4</sub> is H, -halogen, -CN, or hydroxy;

One or two members of R<sub>7</sub>-R<sub>14</sub> is methyl and the remaining members are hydrogen;

n is 2;

25 R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen;

R<sub>5</sub> is (O)<sub>m</sub>, where m is O; and

R<sub>6</sub> is hydrogen, methyl, or allyl.

- 23. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises an antiviral effective amount of a compound of Formula I, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, as claimed in any of claims 1-22.
  - 24. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 23, useful for treating infection by HIV, which additionally comprises an antiviral effective amount of an AIDS treatment agent selected from the group consisting of:
- 10 (a) an AIDS antiviral agent;
  - (b) an anti-infective agent;
  - (c) an immunomodulator; and
  - (d) HIV entry inhibitors.
- 15 25. A method for treating mammals infected with a virus, comprising administering to said mammal an antiviral effective amount of a compound of Formula I, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, as claimed in any of claims 1-22.

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- 26. The method of claim 25 comprising administering to said mammal an antiviral effective amount of a compound of Formula I in combination with an antiviral effective amount of an AIDS treatment agent selected from the group consisting of: an AIDS antiviral agent; an anti-infective agent; an immunomodulator; and HIV entry inhibitors.
- 27. The method of claims 25 and 26 wherein the virus is HIV.